

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



NIAKI Gold 4-Stroke Motorcycle Oil SAE 20W-50

## Section 1. Identification

**GHS product identifier** : Niaki Gold Motorcycle 20W-50  
**Synonyms** : Motor Oil  
**Product Code** : 4612-N2050

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Recommended use** : Lubricating Oil  
**Supplier Details** : Como Lube & Supplies, Inc.  
PO Box 16987  
Duluth, MN 55802

**Emergency telephone number** : Technical Contact: 800-962-5417  
National Poison Center: 800-222-1222, CHEMTREC 800-424-9300

## Section 2. Hazard Identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.120, this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : Mixture

### GHS Label elements

**Signal word** : No signal word.  
**Hazard statements** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Precautionary statements

**General** : Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. May be harmful if swallowed. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. IF SWALLOWED: DO NOT induce vomiting. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water. Keep out of reach of children.

**Prevention** : Not applicable.

**Response** : Not applicable.

**Storage** : Store in dry place and/or in closed container. Store in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Hazards not otherwise classified** : Not Classified

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture  
**Other means of Identification** : Motor Oil 20W-50

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	30 - 60	64742-55-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye** : No known significant effects of critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects of critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects of critical hazards.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : Treat symptomatically and supportively.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

- : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides, phosphorus oxides, metal oxide/oxides.

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

- : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

### Special protective equipment

- for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

### Advice on general occupational Hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### Conditions for safe storage Including any incompatibilities

: Do not store above the following temperature: 113°C (235.4°F). Odorous and toxic fumes may form from the decomposition of this product if stored at excessive temperatures for extended periods of time. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Bulk Storage Conditions: Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank inventories.

Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits :

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	<p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

#### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

: Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

### Skin protection

#### Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

#### Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid.
<b>Color</b>	: Amber.
<b>Odor</b>	: Mild petroleum odor.
<b>pH</b>	: Not available.
<b>Boiling point</b>	: Not available.
<b>Flash point</b>	: Open cup: 221°C (430°F) [Cleveland.] Closed cup: >200°C (>382°F)
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	: <1 (n-butyl acetate = 1)
<b>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</b>	: Lower: 1% Upper: 7%
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: >260°C (500°F)
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	: <0.13 kPa (<0.1 mm Hg) [68°F]
<b>Vapor density</b>	: >1 [Air = 1]
<b>Relative density</b>	: 0.8815
<b>Solubility</b>	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
<b>Density lbs/gal</b>	: Estimated 7.35 lbs/gal
<b>Gravity, °API</b>	: Estimated 28 @ 60°F
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F): 2.06 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (206 cSt) Saybolt 1074 SUS @100°F

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	: Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide under US GHS Definition(s).
<b>Chemical stability</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	: No specific data.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	: No specific data.
<b>Hazardous decomposition Products</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

#### Conclusion/Summary

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	4 hours
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	3900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours

**Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated:** Practically non-irritating to eyes. Practically non-irritating to the skin.

**1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich:** Practically non-irritating to eyes and to the skin. Practically non-toxic by inhalation (LC50 >5mg/L) based on testing of similar products in rats. A 2-generation reproductive toxicity study conducted on this material did not identify any effects on reproductive parameters. However, the study did identify a small increase in early offspring mortality at the high oral dose level. Based on studies with laboratory animals, oral maternal exposure to

this component can result in developmental toxicity to the conceptus. The NOAELs established from these studies were 38 to 44 mg/kg-bw/day during pregnancy and 52 to 114 mg/kg-bw/day during lactation.

**Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic:** Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipid granuloma formation and lipid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects.

Irritation/Corrosion

- Skin : No additional information.
- Eyes : No additional information.
- Respiratory : No additional information.

Sensitization

- Skin : No additional information.
- Eyes : No additional information.
- Respiratory : No additional information.

Mutagenicity

- Conclusion/Summary : No additional information.

Carcinogenicity

- Conclusion/Summary : **Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic:** In long term studies (up to two years) no carcinogenic effects have been reported in any animal species tested.

Reproductive toxicity

- Conclusion/Summary : No additional information.

Teratogenicity

- Conclusion/Summary : No additional information.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

- : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

- : Not available.

Aspiration hazard

- : Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

- : Dermal contact, Eye contact, Inhalation, Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact : Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor.
- Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye : No specific data.
- Inhalation : No specific data.
- Skin contact : No specific data.
- Ingestion : No specific data.

Potential chronic health effects

- General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition Coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
<b>UN number</b>	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
<b>Packaging group</b>	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.
<b>Additional information</b>	-	-	-

**Special precautions for user** : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and**

IBC Code : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### U.S. Federal regulations

: **TSCA 8(a) PAIR:** Diphenylamine  
**TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined  
**United States inventory (TSCA 8b):** At least one component is not listed.  
**Clean Water Act (CWA) 307:** Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(sec-Bu and isooctyl) esters, zinc salts; Benzene; Antimony compounds  
**Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:** Benzene; Ethylenediamine  
 This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	EHS	SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
			(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Ethylenediamine	< 0.1	Yes.	10000	1337.1	5000	668.5
vinyl acetate	< 0.0001	Yes.	1000	129	5000	644.8

**SARA 304 RQ** : 62261693.4 lbs / 28266808.8 kg [8719407.8 gal / 33006549.3 L]

### SARA 311/312

**Classification** : Not applicable

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	10 - 30	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

**SARA 313** : This product (does) contain toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.

Product Name	CAS number	%
Zinc compounds	Mixture	0.014 as Zinc

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations

#### Massachusetts

: The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic.

#### New York

: The following components are listed: Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/or But-1-ene/But-2-ene)

#### New Jersey

: The following components are listed: Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(sec-Bu and isooctyl) esters, zinc salts; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic.

#### Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed: Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/or But-1-ene/But-2-ene)

#### California Prop. 65

: **WARNING:** This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

**WARNING:** This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the



State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	%	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Benzene	< 0.1	Yes.	Yes.	6.4 µg/day (ingestion) 13 µg/day (inhalation)	24 µg/day (ingestion) 49 µg/day (inhalation)
isoprene	< 0.1	Yes.	No.	-	-

### International regulations

#### International lists

- : **Australia inventory (AICS):** All components are listed or exempted.
- : **China inventory (IECSC):** Not determined.
- : **Japan inventory:** Not determined.
- : **Korea inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.
- : **Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register):** Not determined.
- : **New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):** All components are listed or exempted.
- : **Philippines inventory (PICCS):** All components are listed or exempted.
- : **Taiwan inventory (CSNN):** Not determined.

#### Canada inventory

#### EU inventory

#### WHMIS (Canada)

- : All components are listed or exempted.
- : Not determined.
- : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

## Section 16. Other information

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

#### Flammability



#### Health

#### Instability/Reactivity

#### Special

This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

### History

**Date of revision / Supersedes** : 12/17/2014 : 11/15/2013

### Key to abbreviations

- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- Log<sub>P<sub>ow</sub></sub> = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
- UN = United Nations

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